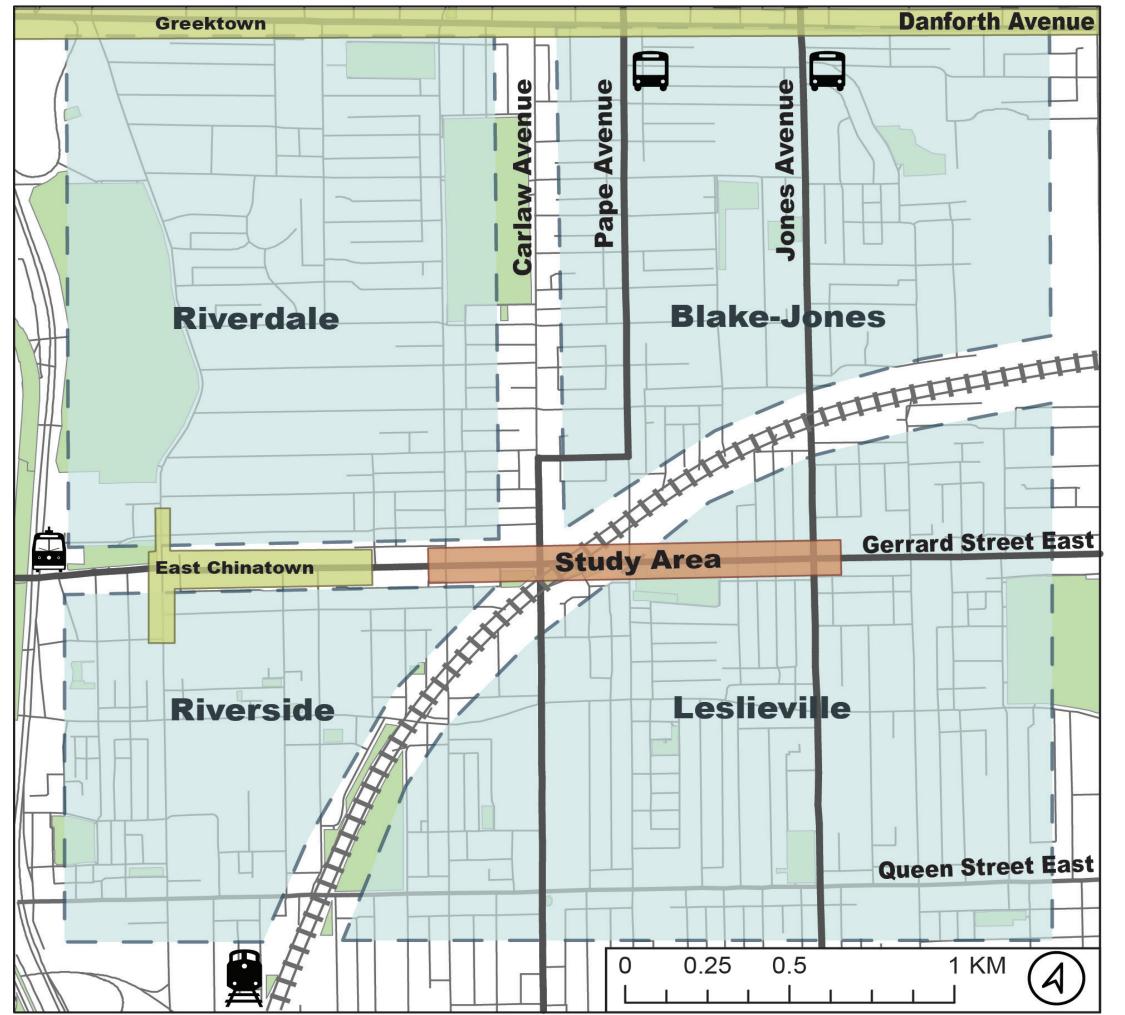
CONTEXT & PLANNING FRAMEWORK

The land use policy context encourages intensification along the Gerrard Street Avenue site. The majority of the lands within the study area are designated Mixed Use Areas within the Official Plan, with some areas designated Parks on the south side of Gerrard Street. The lands surrounding the study area are predominantly designated as Neighbourhoods. Further south are lands designated as Employment Areas



OFFICIAL PLAN SECTIONS

- 2.2.3 Avenues: Reurbanizing Arterial Corridors
- 2.3.1 Healthy Neighbourhoods
- 4.5 Mixed Use Areas
- 4.3 Parks and Open Space Areas
- 4.6 Employment Areas

Site and Area Specific Policy 154 (SASP 154) applies to lands located in the Carlaw-Dundas area. The SASP allows for a mix of employment and residential use with conditions. There are no special policy or secondary plans for the avenue.

ZONING

The majority of the study area is zoned MCR T2.5 C1.0 R2.5 and MCR T2.5 C2.0 R2.0 under the former City of Toronto Zoning By-law No. 438-86. The zone permits a wide range of commercial and residential uses with a maximum density of 2.5 times the area of the lot. The maximum permitted height is 14 metres.

There are some properties within the study area that are zoned G (Parks Zone) and R4 Z1.0 (Residential Zone) under the former City of Toronto Zoning Bylaw 438-86.

There are some properties within the study area that are zoned O and OR (Open Space Zone) under City-wide Zoning By-law 569-2013.

HISTORICAL USE

City of Toronto Archives, Series 7





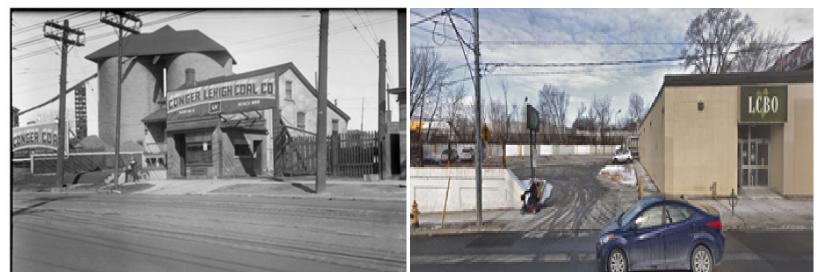
Gerrard and Carlaw streetcar tracks curving north, part of the lost Harbord line. The route was abandoned when the Bloor-Danforth line opened in 1966.



City of Toronto Archives, Fonds 1231

Google Earth, 2018

Art deco Gerrard St. fire hall (now Toronto Fire Station 324)



City of Toronto Archives, Series 372

Google Earth, 2018

The Conger Lehigh Coal Co. building; north side of Gerrard, West of Pape

The International Varnish Co. complex which used to exist at the NE corner of Carlaw and Gerrard. Today the site serves as a No Frills supermarket.



City of Toronto Archives, Series 372

Google Earth,

Underpass at Carlaw



North side of Gerrard, just west of Pape near present day Gerrard

EXISTING CONDITIONS



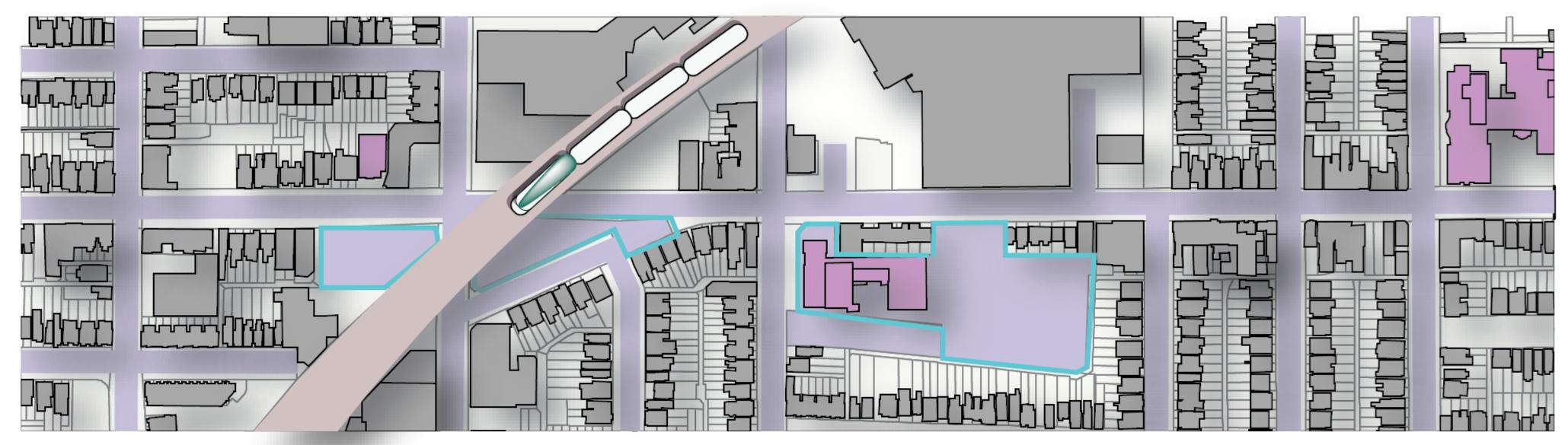


Commercial-Residential Residential Institutional Green Space Open Space Public Realm HEIGHT < 7m 7 m - 10 m 10 m < SYMBOLS & LINES Vehicle Mobility

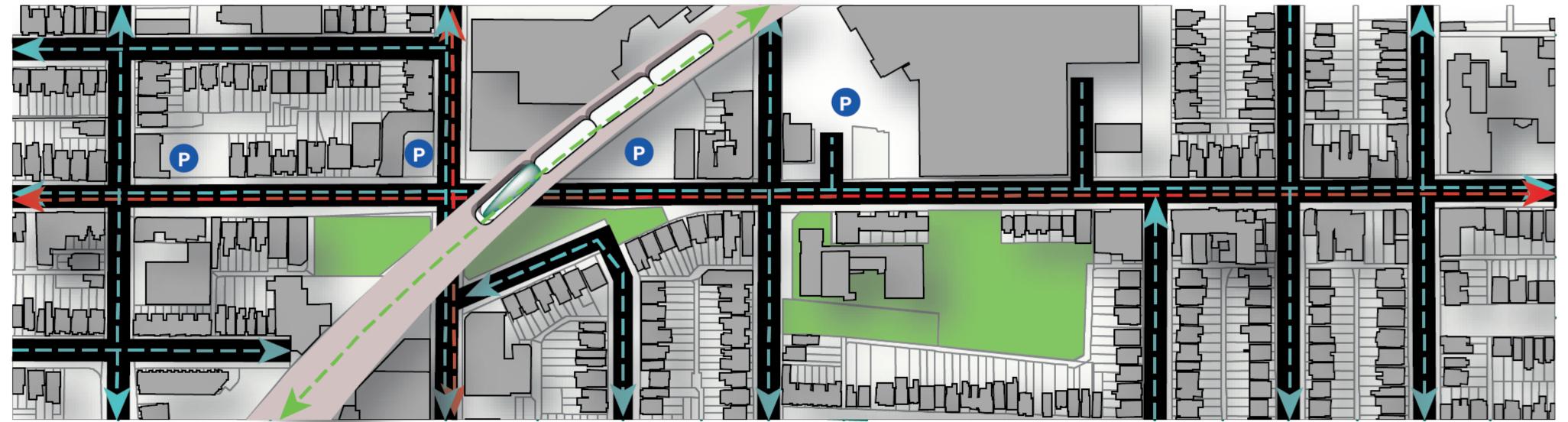
LEGEND

Parking Ρ

OPEN SPACE & PUBLIC REALM



M



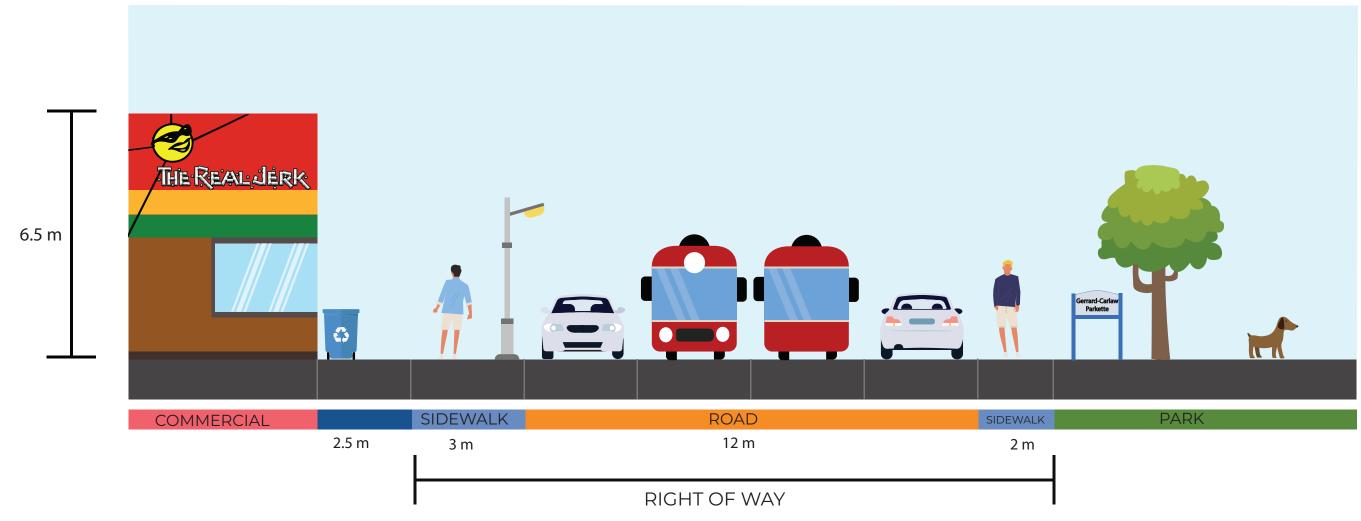
ZONING



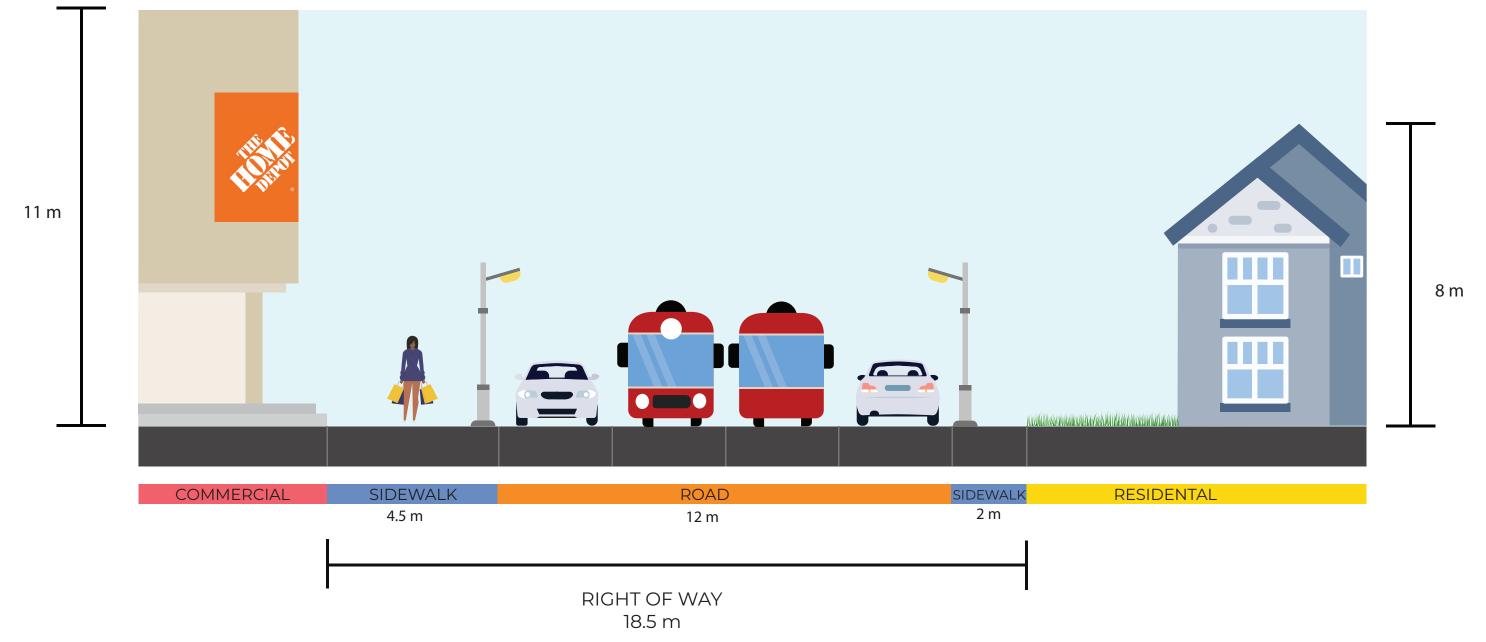


STREET SECTION DIAGRAMS

GERRARD AND CARLAW



GERRARD AND MARJORY



Gerrard and Carlaw

This intersection had a very interesting dynamic with one side that features a famous Toronto resturant; The Real Jerk. This side of the street includes a wider sidewalk which houses recycling and garage bins on the side of the establishment. The other side of the street features a dog park, that was frequently visited by residents of the area.

Gerrard and Marjory

This intersection had a very strong contrast. With one side dedicated to big boxed stores, a part of Gerrard Square. To accompany the commercial units on this side were wider sidewalks. Facing the big box stores were older single family residental units. They featured small lawns streching out in front of the properties.



STRENGTHS

Gerrard Street East is becoming an increasingly vibrant corridor. There are various key characteristics that should be recognized and preserved as the neighbourhood evolves over time:

1. Strong built form character reminiscent of neighbourhood history with many structures retaining distinct architectural elements

 Existing transit routes provide strong connectivity to adjacent neighbourhoods and business areas with future GO and SmartTrack infrastructure development proposed
Matty Eckler Community Centre highly valued in the community, offering programs and services for all ages 4. New developments proposed on vacant lots which will increase density while maintaining character of the neighbourhood

5. Proximity of residential and commercial spaces create a walkable, mixed-use neighbourhood

6. Large green space areas including a dog park and the Matty Eckler Playground act as outdoor public gathering spaces

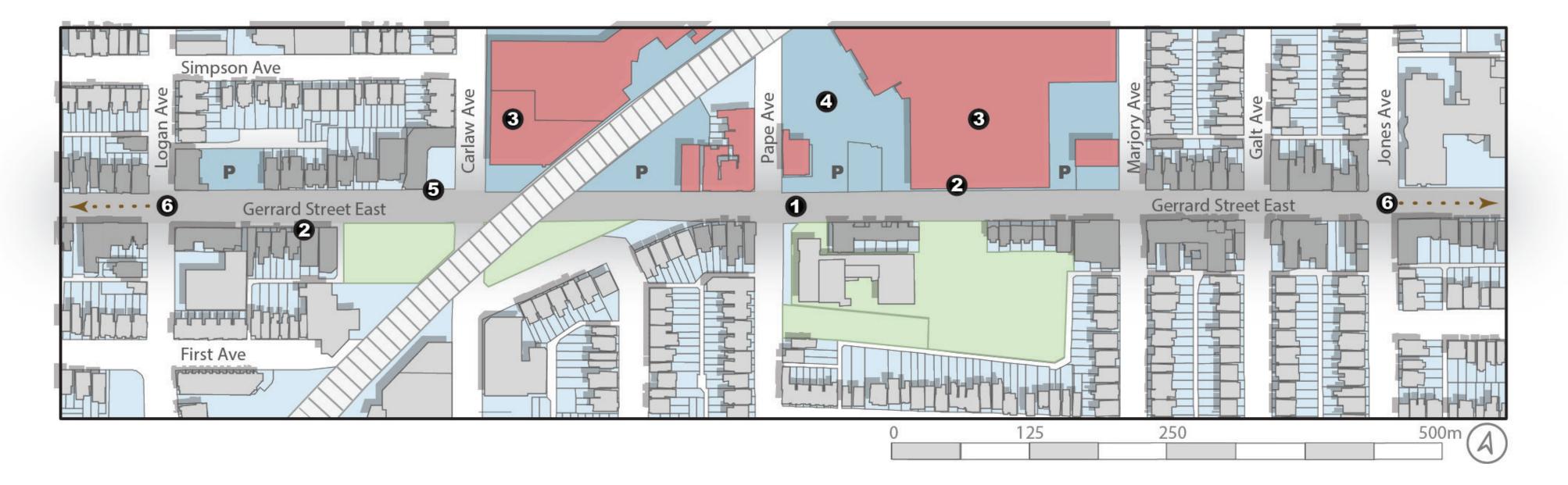




CONSTRAINTS

There are several improvements that can be made in the Gerrard Street East corridor. Below are the challenges and constraints to be reviewed for future consideration:

- 1. Bicycle transit infrastructure is non-existent, with existing Right-of-Way priority given to vehicle traffic and street parking
- 2. Vacant commercial spaces along Gerrard Street East in 5. Sidewalk priority given to city utility services which need of improvement
- 3. Large box stores detract from surrounding neighbourhood character and independent business improvement opportunities
- 4. Surface parking occupies large lots for singular use creating breaks in the physical and visual flow of the corridor
- occupy existing pedestrian space and detract from public realm
- 6. Lack of cohesive neighbourhood identity creates overlooked corridor between two strong Business







MOVING FORWARD

1. Removal of street parking to make way 4. EstablishmentofaBusinessImprovement for bicycle transit lanes will create a more Area for this corridor could collaborate with adjacent areas and offer enhanced complete transit system 2. Surface parking lots hold potential for programming, creating stronger а redevelopment, increasing density along neighbourhood identity and more complete this corridor community

3. Updating public utility infrastructure and 5. Improvements to built form to enhance replacing this space with landscaping will businessopportunity, public realmand street create separation from pedestrian walkways activities in order to bring the neighbourhood and vehicle traffic lanes into the future

By Hayley Oleksiak, Josh Papernick, Nathan Petryshyn, Masooma Ali